
**Information technology — Open Systems
Interconnection — Procedures for the
operation of OSI Registration Authorities:
Registration of object identifier arcs for
applications and services using tag-
based identification**

*Technologies de l'information — Interconnexion de systèmes ouverts
(OSI) — Procédures opérationnelles pour les organismes
d'enregistrement de l'OSI: Enregistrement des arcs d'identificateur
d'objet pour applications et services utilisant l'identification basée sur
des tags*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 9834-9 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems* in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T Rec. X.668.

ISO/IEC 9834 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities*:

- *Part 1: General procedures and top arcs of the ASN.1 Object Identifier tree*
- *Part 2: Registration procedures for OSI document types*
- *Part 3: Registration of Object Identifier arcs beneath the top-level arc jointly administered by ISO and ITU-T*
- *Part 4: Register of VTE Profiles*
- *Part 5: Register of VT Control Object Definitions*
- *Part 6: Registration of application processes and application entities*
- *Part 7: Joint ISO and ITU-T Registration of International Organizations*
- *Part 8: Generation and registration of Universally Unique Identifiers (UUIDs) and their use as ASN.1 Object Identifier components*
- *Part 9: Registration of object identifier arcs for applications and services using tag-based identification*

Introduction

This Recommendation | International Standard enables the registration of object identifiers (OIDs) for applications and services using tag-based identification (see 3.2.) under the OID arc {**joint-iso-itu-t(2) tag-based(27)**}.

NOTE – For historical reasons, the secondary identifier **nid** is a synonym for **tag-based** on arc 27.

Tag-based applications and services may (if necessary) request from the Registration Authority an OID for their identification scheme that encodes in only two octets. This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the operation of the Registration Authority for the allocation of such OIDs.

For tag-based applications and services, the OID is stored in a transponder which has limited memory size and the length of the OID encoding needs to be minimized.

**INTERNATIONAL STANDARD
RECOMMENDATION ITU-T****Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection –
Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities:
Registration of object identifier arcs for
applications and services using tag-based identification****1 Scope**

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies the procedures for operating the Registration Authority for object identifiers under the arc `{joint-iso-itu-t(2) tag-based(27)}`, that supports tag-based applications and services.

2 Normative references

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- Recommendation ITU-T X.660 (2004) | ISO/IEC 9834-1:2005, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities: General procedures and top arcs of the ASN.1 Object Identifier tree.*
- Recommendation ITU-T X.680 (2002) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:2002, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation.*